2013年中国美术学院附属中等美术学校招生考试

英语A卷（试题卷）

考生须知：

1.本试卷分试题卷和答题卷两部分。满分120分，考试时间100分钟。

2.答题前必须在答题卷的密封区内填写姓名和准考证号。

3.所有答案都必须坐在答题卷标定的位置上，务必注意试题序号和答题序

 号相对应。选择题选出答案后，用铅笔把答题卷上对应的题目涂黑，如需

 改动，请用橡皮擦干净后，再选涂其他答案。非选择题请用钢笔或圆珠笔

 写在答题卷上相应的地方。

4.做听力题时，先将答案划在试卷上。录音内容结束后，再将答案转涂到

 答题卷上。

5..考试结束后，将试题卷和答题卷一并上交。

听力部分（20分）

略

笔试部分（100分）

三．单项选择

11. ---what bad weather it is today!

 -- Yes, weather makes me so sad.

 A.a, a B./, the C. an , the D. the , a

12. --- why didn’t Sally play the violin at the concert

 ---she said that her hand hurt, but that was only a(n) . I saw her play tennis just now.

 A. matter B. excuse C. result D. expression

13. ----Is your father home?

 ----No, he’s working late the office.

 A,on B. at C.of D.to

14. we just need one of you for the game. you your brother can join us.

 A. both, and B. neither, nor C. either , or D not only, but also

15. --- I hear you’ve got a new iphone 5. I have a look?

 ---yes , certainly.

A. may B do C. shall D. should

16. I Mr. Smith since he moved to shanghai.

 A. didn’t hear from B. don’t hear from

 C.won’t hear from D. haven’t heard from

17. Lily and her sister look the same. I can’t tell one from

 A. other B. another C. the other D. others

1. ---I’m planning to visit the Yellow Delta National Resource(黄河三角洲国家级自然保护 区)。 is it ?

 ---- it’s natural and beautiful. I think tourists can enjoy wonderful views there.

 A. how B what C. when D where

19. ----the light in his office is still on. Do you know ?

 ---in order to prepare for tomorrow’s meeting.

 A if he works hard B. why he stays up so late

 C. why is he so busy D. when he will stop working

20. The movie *life of pi* was success that we enjoyed ourselves very much.

 A. such a great B a such great C. so a great D. a so great

21. He speaks French well, but of course not a person born in France.

 A. as clear as B. clearer than C. as clearly as D. the more clearly

22. ----peter, the light in your room the whole night. What were you doing?

 ----oh, I was busy writing a report.

 A. turns on B. turned on C. is on D. was on

23. attention please. The plane will in five minutes.

 A. take out B. take after C. take off D take care

24. welcome to our school,ladies and gentlemen. , I’d like to introduce myself.

 A. To be honest, B. To my surprise , C. To start with, D. To tell you the truth

25.---which do you prefer, Chinese food or western food、

 --- I would rather Chinese food. Let’s have noodles.

 A. to have B. having C. had D have

四．完形填空（共15小题，计15分）

When I was small, my mum used to give the family something special for meals —she would make breakfast food for dinner.
 I still remember one night my mum   26  some bread in front of my dad, something very burnt. I waited to see if anybody noticed. To my surprise, my dad just took his   27   , smiled at my mum and then turned to ask me how my day at school had been. I've  28 what I told him that night.  29 I do remember watching him put some butter on that bread. He  30   as usual, every single bit.
 After dinner, my mum said   31 to my dad for burning the bread. And I never forget what he said, "I    32   burnt bread, dear. It doesn't matter at all. "  33  , I went to kiss Dad good light. I asked him if he really liked his bread burnt. He held me in arms and  34 , “Your mum worked very hard all day. She's really 35 . And you see—a bit of burnt food never hurt anyone!”
    Now I know life is not perfect. 36 is perfect, either. As for me. 1 often forget birthdays or some other special days. But I've learned something 37 over these years. What we really need is the understanding of each other, whether between a husband and wife, a parent and 38 or just between two friends. This is the key to a happy  39 .
So don't get angry if the bread gets burnt. Remember.   40 bread never hurt anyone. Be kind to those around you and a happier life will surely come closer to you.
26. A. cooked      B. put  C. found  D. bought
27. A. glass        B. milk  C. spoon  D. bread
28. A. decided      B. known  C. forgotten D. imagined
29. A. But         B. So  C. Because   D. And
30. A. threw it away    B. ate it up   C. put it away   D. looked it up
31. A. hello        B. goodbye      C. no        D. sorry
32. A. hate         B. love    C. make       D. save
33. A. After school  B. Before dinner  C. Later that night    D. The next morning
34. A. shouted       B. said     C. laughed        D. continued
35. A. tired        B. excited    C. worried        D. interested
36. A. Everybody   B. Anybody   C. Nobody       D. Somebody
37. A. important    B. difficult    C. funny         D. easy
38. A. student      B. brother      C. sister         D. child
39. A. class        B. party         C. life        D. story
40. A. burnt         B. cheap       C. fresh        D. cold

五．阅读理解（共15小题，计30分）

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的四个选项中选出最佳选项。

(A)

You’re going to high school，aren’t you? Maybe you don’t know what to do．Well, here’s a list of the top six things to do when you’re in high school．These things will give you ideas of what your high school life could be like．Here you go!

    ①Find your passion(激情)and what kind of person you are：Whether it’s dance，basketball，or drawing，the important thing is that you have found something you are interested in．

    ②Talk to people you wouldn’t usually talk to：Meet new people，find new friends and even talk to the people you don’t like．It will show what a great person you are．You never know what will happen after high school．

    ③Take part in at least one contest(竞赛)：This will give you tears of laughter，happiness and memories．

    ④Get a job：This will help you see what it’s like to have responsibility(责任)．It can also help you make a little money to spend on yourself．

    ⑤Take a trip with your friends：It doesn’t matter where you go or what you do，the memories will happen on the way and go on till the final place．

    ⑥Do your best at school：Don’t ever get lazy．Working hard now will help you in the future．

41．The writer mainly tells you six things you should do\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

  A．in your high school years

  B．at the beginning of your high school years

  C．before your high school begins

  D．after you finish your high school

42．The writer gives you advice that you should talk to the people you don’t like because \_\_\_\_\_\_．

  A．you will feel sorry if not

  B．it will show how great you are

  C．you can show how clever you are

  D．you can make your study better

43．From Point③，we know that you can \_\_\_\_\_\_\_in a contest．

  A．get lots of tears

  B．have a strong body

  C．get good grades in high school

  D．have different feelings and memories

44．Which of the following you’d better not do according to the passage?

  A．Find your interest．

  B．Get a job．

  C．Take a trip with your friends．

  D．Get lazy．

45．What’s the main idea of the passage?

  A．Have a happy school life．

  B．How to get along with your schoolmates．

  C．Ideas of successful high school life．

  D．Make your school life easy．

(B)

How much living space does a person need? What happens when his space is too small? Scientists are doing experiments on rats to try to determine the efforts of over crowded conditions on man. Recent studies have shown that the behaviour of rats is greatly affected by space. If rats have enough living space, they eat well, sleep well and produce their young well. But if their living conditions become too crowded, their behaviour and even their health change. They can't sleep and eat well, and there are clear signs of fear and tentison(紧张). The more crowded they are, the more they bite each other and even kill each other. Thus, for rats, there is relationship between population and violence（暴力）. Is this a natural law for human society as well? Is enough space important for human survival（生存）?

46. This passage is mainly about

A. population and livng conditions B. interesting experiments on rats

C. a natural law for human society D. living space and behavior

47. what is the purpose of the experiments described in the passage?

A. TO determine how much living space a rat needs.

B. to see what happens when rats live in a limited space.

C, to find out if overcrowded conditions affect human beings.

D. to find out the relationship between population and living conditions.

48. which is not a result of overcrowded conditions for rats?

A. they become nervous B. they cannot get enough rest

C. they eat less D. they become less active

49. the passage suggests that overcrowded conditions

A. are not common among rats. B. may cause an increase in violence

C. may lead to high birth rate D. may bring about pollution problems

50. the writer would agree that

A. human society is similar to that of rats B. human needs less space than rats

C. only human society has violence D. rats are not social animals

 (C)

请给以下新闻稿选择适当的标题

51. Do you know anything about the etiquette of ancient china? Recently students in hangzhou learned about it. The students wore hanfu----traditional Han style costumes. They learned about the etiquette of the times, like how to bow and greet. When they bowed, they put their feet together and looked directly into the other person’s eyes.

52. The most expensive sandwich is made in a restaurant. It sells for £85.5，Giorgio, the owner of the sandwich , said ,“it’s delicious! The beef simply melts(融化) in your mouth .” Even though £85.5 for a lunchtime sandwich is probably too expensive for most shoppers, Giorgio believes that some Londoners won’t be afraid of the price.

53. The cheetah is the fastest land animal. It can reach 97 kilometres an hour in three seconds. South Africa’s Habana is regarded as the fastest rugby(橄榄球)player. The 23-year-old man can run 100 metres in 11 seconds. Habana raced a cheetah. Habana did it for charity. He was given 30-meter head start. The race between the two was a draw.(平局)

54. Manuel is a very fat man. He once weighed over a half ton . A few days ago, he felt his house for the first time in five years. He went outside on his bed to meet his neighbors. ‘the sky is beautiful and blue and I really want to enjoy the sun,” said Manuel. He once weighed 1,235 pounds. He now weighs about 840 pounds. He says he will try his best to weigh 265 pounds. Doctors say he may need three or four years to do that.

55. A British tennis player designed the umbrella. The umbrella is the world’s first hands-free umbrella. He says it will never turn inside-out in strong winds. The umbrella weighs about 2KG and cost £30. You wear the umbrella on your shoulders and open it when touching the button. And because it is hands-free, users can chat on their cell phones or ride bikes at the same time.

A. back to the past

B. No-hands umbrella

C. As fast as a cheetah

D. Most expensive sandwich

E. Half ton man loses weight

1. 词语填空（共15小题，计15分）

用方框中所给单词的适当形式填空，是短文通顺、正确、连贯（每个单词限用一次）。

|  |
| --- |
| Stand, strong, clearly, lesson, different, kind, only, situation, both, subject, sound, remember, place, class, come, believe, just, voice, about, forget |

When I was in primary school, I had a big argument with a boy in my class. I can`t \_\_\_\_56\_\_\_what it was about, but I have never \_\_\_\_57\_\_ the lesson I learned that day.

I was sure that I was right and he was wrong. However, he \_\_58\_\_ believed that I was wrong and he was right. The teacher decided to teach us a lesson. She \_59\_\_\_ up with a good idea. She brought \_\_60\_\_ of us to the front of the class and placed him on one side of her grey desk and me on the other. In the middle of the desk was a large, round object. It was \_61\_\_ for me to see that it was black. She asked the boy what color the object was. “White” he answered in a loud \_\_62\_\_\_.

I couldn’t \_63\_\_\_\_ that the object was white considering that it was certainly black! One more argument started between the boy and me, this time \_\_64\_\_ the color of the object.

The teacher told me to go stand where the key was \_65\_\_\_ and told him to stand where I had been. We changed \_\_66\_\_and then she asked me what the color of the object was. I had to answer, “White.” It was then that I knew what was wrong. It was an object with two \_\_67\_\_\_ colored sides, and from his side it was white. \_\_\_68\_\_\_ from my side was it black.

My teacher taught me a very important \_\_\_\_69\_\_ that day: You must stand in another person’s position(位置) and look at the \_\_\_70\_\_ through their eyes in order to truly understand their ideas.

七：短文改错

请对下面所给短文的每一行作出判断，如该行多一个词，把多余的词用斜线（／）划掉，在该行右边横线上写出该词；并也用斜线划掉；如该行缺一个词，在空缺处加一个漏词符号（∧）,在该行右边横线上写出该加的词；如该行错一个词，在错的词下划一横线，在该行右边横线上写出改正后的词；如该行没有错， 就不要改，在右边横线上画一个勾（√）。

A group of scientists were planning to go

To countryside to do a scientific research in order to 71\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

find out that whether the environment of the country 72\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

had polluted. On arrival, they started to check the 73\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

air and water. To our surprise, they found 74\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

how terribly the situation was. They could see 75\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

the serious pollution. Look into the cause, 76\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

they persuaded the government to pass the law 77\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

to protect the environment and kept the balance of 78\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

nature. Now everything has changed. Birds are 79\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

singing while trees and grasses are waving. 80\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

八． 书面表达(共1小题，计15分)

杭州作为“全国文明城市”(national civilized city)， 一直倡导大家争做文明杭州人。某英文报刊正在举办以“文明杭州，持续文明’为主题的征文活动，请你根据以下内容提示及要求写一篇应征稿。

内容提示：1. 尊敬师长，明礼诚信 2. 友善待人，乐于助人

3.遵守交规，不闯红灯 4.。 保护环境（写出2-3个例子）

要求：词数70左右，内容完整，意思连贯，语句通顺，书写规范。

 Civilized Hangzhou going on

 We are proud that Hangzhou is one of the national civilized cities. As students, what shall we do to keep up the good work? First of all,

 In short, if everyone makes contributions, our city will be better and better.